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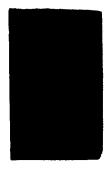
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Subject:

SSCI Authorization Act & Unclassified

Report

1. Attached is a copy of the SSCI's version of the FY 1986 Intelligence Authorization Act as amended by referral to the Armed Services and Governmental Affairs Committee's. They plan to bring it to the Senate Floor this week, and to try for a Conference in mid-October.



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# Calendar No. 287

99TH CONGRESS   1st Session	SENATE	REPORT 99-136

AUTHORIZING APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1986 FOR INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT, THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF, THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM (CIARDS) AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

SEPTEMBER 11 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 9), 1985.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. GOLDWATER, from the Committee on Armed Services, and on behalf of Mr. Roth, from the Committee on Governmental Affairs, submitted the following

# REPORT

[To accompany S. 1271]

The Committees on Armed Services and Governmental Affairs, to which was referred the bill (S. 1271), authorizing appropriations for fiscal year 1986 for intelligence activities of the U.S. Government, the Intelligence Community Staff, the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes, having considered the same or portions thereof, reports favorably thereon with amendment(s), and recommends that the bill (as amended) do pass.

#### SEQUENTIAL REFERRAL OF S. 1271

The Select Committee on Intelligence reported S. 1271, the Intelligence Authorization Act for fiscal year 1986, on June 11, 1985. The legislation was jointly referred to the Committees on Armed Services, Foreign Relations, Governmental Affairs, and the Judiciary. The Committee on Foreign Relations was restricted to the consideration of section 604 and title VII; the Committee on Governmental Affairs was restricted to the consideration of section 603; and the Committee on the Judiciary was restricted to the consideration of title V. The Committees on Armed Services and Governmental Affairs have acted on the legislation and submit this joint report. The Committees on Foreign Relations and the Judiciary have taken no action on the legislation, and pursuant to the terms of a unanimous consent agreement establishing the expiration of the referral on September 11, 1985, should be discharged from further consideration of the legislation of that date.

51-010 O

#### ACTION OF THE COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

The Committee on Armed Services has carefully reviewed the programs authorized by S. 1271 and reports the bill favorably without amendment as to the programmatic elements of the bill as reported by the Select Committee on Intelligence. The committee has, however, adopted an amendment to the legislation dealing with access to criminal history records for national security purposes.

The committee has had a longstanding concern about the adequacy of security practices in the Department of Defense. The recent arrest and indictment of several members and ex-members of the U.S. Armed Forces on espionage charges draws attention to the urgent need to address inadequate security practices of the Government.

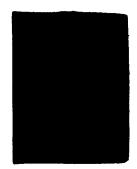
The Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations of the Committee on Governmental Affairs held an extensive set of hearings into the question of the procedures and practices for granting security clearances by the Government. Those hearings disclosed a number of glaring shortcomings and the committee has made a number of recommendations.

One of the principal shortcomings discovered by this committee and the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations was that State and local governments frequently did not make available criminal history records of individuals who are under consideration for security clearances. As a result, a person might be given a security clearance without the knowledge that he or she was a convicted felon. Obviously, this poses a grave risk that unreliable persons will be granted access to highly classified information. Accordingly, one of the recommendations made by the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations is that a Federal law be enacted which requires State and local governments to provide criminal history records to authorized Federal officials conducting background investigations of individuals who are under consideration for security clearances.

Department of Defense witnesses raised this with the committee in hearings on June 26, and urged that corrective legislation be adopted.

For many years, local jurisdictions were quite forthcoming in making this information available to Federal investigators from the Defense Investigative Service [DIS], the Office of Personnel Management [OPM], and the Central Intelligence Agency [CIA].

However, in recent years a disturbing trend has developed. Local and State jurisdictions in increasing numbers are denying DIS, OPM, and CIA agents access to criminal history records or permitting access to records of convictions only—not records of arrests. Other jurisdictions are severely limiting the number of requests that can be made or delaying the process of these requests for a considerable period of time. The net result is that this important source of information is being seriously curtailed in many localities throughout the country.



For example, almost all of California refuses to cooperate with OPM and only provides DIS with conviction records. In Florida, 26 cities, including Miami, do not respond to requests by OPM for criminal history record information [CHRI]. The Metropolitan Police Department in the District of Columbia refuses to give any information beyond conviction data to either DIS or OPM.

This situation has far reaching and dangerous implications. Currently, the U.S. Government is unable to obtain State and local criminal records on applicants for some of the most sensitive positions in the military and other Government agencies that are entrusted with our Nation's national security. The Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations recent hearings showed the serious nature of espionage as seen in the Christopher Boyce case at TRW, the William Holden Bell case at Hughes, and the James Harper case at Systems Control Technology.

To correct this problem, the committee adopted this amendment which authorizes the Federal Government to obtain access to local criminal justice records when conducting eligibility investigations for (1) access to classified information, (2) assignment to or retention in sensitive national security duties, or (3) acceptance or retention in the armed services. Such a request is only permitted if the person under investigation consents to it in writing. Moreover, the criminal history record information obtained pursuant to this request would be afforded the same protections as provided by the Privacy Act.

This inability to review criminal record histories is causing severe delays in clearing employees for Federal work and contracts. In addition, it is impairing the Government's ability to evaluate the overall suitability of an individual for a sensitive position and, thus, decreasing the Government's ability to meet its obligations for maintaining and safeguarding classified information. Not surprisingly, hostile intelligence services are not overly intimidated by a government personnel security program like this where the proverbial left hand of the Government does not know or is not allowed to know what the right hand does.

### ACTION OF THE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

The referral of S. 1271 to the Committee on Governmental Affairs was restricted to section 603, which provides for an increase in pay for the Director of Central Intelligence from Level II to Level I of the Executive Schedule and for the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence from Level III to Level II.

The Committee on Governmental Affairs approved an amendment to delete section 603 from S. 1271. This would have the effect of retaining the current pay levels.

## COMMITTEE ACTIONS

On June 27, 1985, the Committee on Armed Services, a quorum being present, approved the bill as amended and ordered it favorably reported by voice vote.

On July 29, 1985, the Committee on Governmental Affairs approved for reporting an amendment proposed by Senator Roth to delete section 603. The vote was as follows:

YEAS
Mr. Roth
Mr. Stevens
Mr. Mathias
Mr. Cohen
Mr. Durenberger
Mr. Eagleton

Mr. Durenberg Mr. Rudman Mr. Cochran Mr. Chiles Mr. Nunn Mr. Levin Mr. Glenn Mr. Gore

### **EVALUATION OF REGULATORY IMPACT**

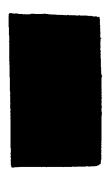
In accordance with paragraph 11(b) of rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the committees find no regulatory impact will be incurred in implementing the provisions of this legislation.

## CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET AND IMPOUNDMENT CONTROL ACT

The committees have complied with section 403 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to the extent possible.

#### CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In the opinion of the committees, it is necessary to dispense with the requirements of section 12 of rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate in order to expedite the business of the Senate.



Calendar No. 287

II

99TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1271

[Report No. 99-79]

[Report No. 99-136]

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1986 for intelligence activities of the United States Government, the Intelligence Community Staff, the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 11 (legislative day, June 3), 1985

Mr. Dubenberger, from the Select Committee on Intelligence, reported the following original bill; which was read twice and (pursuant to the order of June 6, 1985), referred jointly to the Committees on Armed Services, the Judiciary, Governmental Affairs, and Foreign Relations for the 30-day time period provided in section 3(b) of Senate Resolution 400, 94th Congress, provided that the Committee on the Judiciary be restricted to the consideration of title V, the Committee on Governmental Affairs be restricted to the consideration of section 603, and the Committee on Foreign Relations be restricted to the consideration of section 604 and title VII; provided that if any of said committees fails to report said bill within the 30-day time limit, such committee shall be automatically discharged from further consideration of said bill in accordance with section 3(b) of Senate Resolution 400, 94th Congress

JULY 24 (legislative day, JULY 16), 1985

Ordered, that the Committees on Armed Services, the Judiciary, Governmental Affairs, and Foreign Relations have until September 11, 1985, to report

SEPTEMBER 11 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 9), 1985

Reported by Mr. GOLDWATER, from the Committee on Armed Services, and on behalf of Mr. ROTH, from the Committee on Governmental Affairs, with amendments

SEPTEMBER 11 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 9), 1985 Committees on Foreign Relations and the Judiciary discharged

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

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# A BILL

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1986 for intelligence activities of the United States Government, the Intelligence Community Staff, the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	That this Act may be cited as the "Intelligence Authoriza-
4	tion Act for fiscal year 1986".
5	TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES
6	AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS
7	SEC. 101. Funds are hereby authorized to be appropri-
8	ated for fiscal year 1986 for the conduct of the intelligence
9	activities of the following elements of the United States
10	Government:
11	(1) The Central Intelligence Agency.
12	(2) The Department of Defense.
13	(3) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
14	(4) The National Security Agency.
15	(5) The Department of the Army, the Department
16	of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force.
17	(6) The Department of State.
18	(7) The Department of the Treasury.

S 1271 CDS

1	(8) The Department of Energy.
2	(9) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
3	CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS
4	SEC. 102. The amounts authorized to be appropriated
5	under section 101, and the authorized personnel ceilings as of
6	September 30, 1986, for the conduct of the intelligence ac-
7	tivities of the elements listed in such section, are those speci-
8	fied in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared by
9	the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate. That
10	Schedule of Authorizations shall be made available to the
11	Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House
12	of Representatives, and to the President. The President shall
13	provide for suitable distribution of the schedule, or of appro-
	priate portions of the schedule, within the executive branch.
15	CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION OF EXPENDITURES IN
16	EXCESS OF PROGRAM AUTHORIZATIONS
17	SEC. 103. During fiscal year 1986, funds may not be
18	made available for any intelligence activity unless such funds
	have been specifically authorized for such activity or, in the
	case of funds appropriated for a different activity, unless the
	Director of Central Intelligence or the Secretary of Defense
	nas notified the appropriate committees of Congress of the
	ntent to make such funds available for such activity, except
	hat in no case may reprogramming or transfer authority be
	ised by the Director of Central Intelligence or the Secretary
	f Defense unless for higher priority intelligence activities

1	based on unforeseen requirements, than those for which funds
2	were originally authorized, and in no case where the intelli-
3	gence activity for which funds were requested has been
4	denied by Congress.
5	PERSONNEL CEILING ADJUSTMENTS
6	SEC. 104. The Director of Central Intelligence may au-
7	thorize employment of civilian personnel in excess of the
8	numbers authorized for fiscal year 1986 under sections 102
9	and 202 of this Act when he determines that such action is
10	necessary to the performance of important intelligence func-
1	tions, except that such number may not, for any element of
12	the Intelligence Community, exceed 2 per centum of the
13	number of civilian personnel authorized under such sections
14	for such element. The Director of Central Intelligence shall
15	promptly notify the Permanent Select Committee on Intelli-
16	gence of the House of Representatives and the Select Com-
17	mittee on Intelligence of the Senate whenever he exercises
18	the authority granted by this section.
19	AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR DESIGN AND
20	CONSTRUCTION OF A RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING
21	FACILITY AT THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY
22	HEADQUARTERS COMPOUND
23	SEC. 105. The National Security Agency is authorized
24	to secure the design and construction of a research and engi-
25	neering facility at its headquarters compound at Ft. Meade,
26	Maryland. A single continuous contract may be employed to

- 1 facilitate completion of the building authorized by this sec-
- 2 tion, and the Secretary of Defense is authorized to contract
- 3 for design and construction in advance of appropriations
- 4 therefor, but the cost of such facility may not exceed
- 5 \$75,064,000. Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated
- 6 under section 101(4) of this Act, there is authorized to be
- 7 appropriated for fiscal year 1986 the sum of \$21,364,000 for
- 8 design and construction of the facility authorized by this sec-
- 9 tion during fiscal year 1986.

# 10 TITLE II—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

- 11 AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS
- 12 Sec. 201. There is authorized to be appropriated for the
- 13 Intelligence Community Staff for fiscal year 1986 the sum of
- 14 \$22,283,000.
- 15 AUTHORIZATION OF PERSONNEL END STRENGTH
- 16 SEC. 202. (a) The Intelligence Community Staff is au-
- 17 thorized two-hundred-and-thirty-three full-time personnel as
- 18 of September 30, 1986. Such personnel of the Intelligence
- 19 Community Staff may be permanent employees of the Intelli-
- 20 gence Community Staff or personnel detailed from other ele-
- 21 ments of the United States Government.
- 22 (b) During fiscal year 1986, personnel of the Intelli-
- 23 gence Community Staff shall be selected so as to provide
- 24 appropriate representation from elements of the United
- 25 States Government engaged in intelligence activities.

1	(c) During fiscal year 1986, any officer or employee of
2	the United States or a member of the Armed Forces who is
3	detailed to the Intelligence Community Staff from another
4	element of the United States Government shall be detailed on
5	a reimbursable basis, except that any such officer, employee,
6	or member may be detailed on a nonreimbursable basis for a
7	period of less than one year for the performance of temporary
8	functions as required by the Director of Central Intelligence.
9	INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF ADMINISTERED IN
10	SAME MANNER AS CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
11	SEC. 203. During fiscal year 1986, activities and per-
12	sonnel of the Intelligence Community Staff shall be subject to
13	the provisions of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
14	U.S.C. 401 et seq.) and the Central Intelligence Agency Act
15	of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 430a et seq.) in the same manner as
16	activities and personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency.
17	TITLE III—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
18	RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM
19	AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS
20	SEC. 301. There is authorized to be appropriated for the
21	Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund
22	for fiscal year 1986 the sum of \$101,400,000.

1	TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS
2	AUTHORITY FOR THE CONDUCT OF INTELLIGENCE
3	ACTIVITIES
4	SEC. 401. The authorization of appropriations by this
5	Act shall not be deemed to constitute authority for the con-
6	duct of any intelligence activity which is not otherwise au-
7	thorized by the Constitution or laws of the United States.
8	INCREASES IN EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS
9	AUTHORIZED BY LAW
10	SEC. 402. Appropriations authorized by this Act for
11	salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal em-
12	ployees may be increased by such additional or supplemental
13	amounts as may be necessary for any increases in such em-
14	ployee compensation or benefits authorized by law.
15	TITLE V—FACILITATING NATURALIZATION OF
16	CERTAIN FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SOURCES
17	IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT AMENDMENT
18	SEC. 501. Section 316 of the Immigration and Nation-
19	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1427) is amended by adding at the end
20	thereof the following new subsection:
21	"(g)(1) Whenever the Director of Central Intelligence,
22	the Attorney General and the Commissioner of Immigration
23	determine that a petitioner otherwise eligible for naturaliza-
24	tion has made an extraordinary contribution to the national
25	security of the United States or to the conduct of United
26	States intelligence activities, the petitioner may be natural-
	•

1	ized without regard to the residence and physical presence
2	requirements of this section, or to the prohibitions of section
3	313 of this Act, and no residence within the jurisdiction of
4	the court shall be required.
5	"(2) A petition for naturalization may be filed pursuant
6	to this subsection in any district court of the United States,
7	
8	under this subsection shall be conducted in a manner consist-
9	ent with the protection of intelligence sources, methods and
10	activities.
11	"(3) The number of aliens naturalized pursuant to this
12	subsection in any fiscal year shall not exceed fifteen. The
13	Director of Central Intelligence shall notify the Select Com-
14	mittee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent
15	Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Represent-
16	atives each time a determination is made to apply the provi-
17	sions of this subsection.".
18	TITLE VI—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS
19	USE OF PROCEEDS FROM DEFENSE DEPARTMENT
20	COUNTERINTELLIGENCE OPERATIONS
21	SEC. 601. (a) During fiscal year 1986, the Secretary of
22	Defense may authorize use of proceeds from counterintelli-
23	gence operations conducted by components of the Military
	*

24 Departments to offset necessary and reasonable expenses in-

- 1 curred in such operations without regard to the provisions of
- 2 section 3302 of title 31, United States Code.
- 3 (b) As soon as the net proceeds from any such counter-
- 4 intelligence operation are no longer necessary for the conduct
- 5 of that operation, such proceeds shall be deposited into the
- 6 Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.
- 7 RETIREMENT BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN CENTRAL INTELLI-
- 8 GENCE AGENCY EMPLOYEES SERVING IN UNHEALTH-
- 9 FUL AREAS
- 10 Sec. 602. Section 251 of the Central Intelligence
- 11 Agency Retirement Act of 1964 for Certain Employees (50
- 12 U.S.C. 403 note) is amended by inserting "(a)" after "Sec.
- 13 251." and by adding at the end thereof the following new
- 14 subsection:
- 15 "(b) The Director of Central Intelligence may from time
- 16 to time establish, in consultation with the Secretary of State,
- 17 a list of places which by reason of climatic or other extreme
- 18 conditions are to be classed as unhealthful posts. Each year
- 19 of duty at such posts, inclusive of regular leaves of absence,
- 20 shall be counted as one and a half years in computing the
- 21 length of service of a participant under this Act for the pur-
- 22 pose of retirement, fractional months being considered as full
- 23 months in computing such service. No extra credit for service
- 24 at such unhealthful posts shall be credited to any participant
- 25 who is paid a differential under section 5925 or 5928 of title
- 26 5, United States Code, for such service.".

Ţ	COMPENSATION OF DIMEGIOE AND DEPUTY DIMEGIOR OF
2	CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE
3	SEC. 603. (a) Section 5312 of title 5, United States
4	Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:
5	"Director of Central Intelligence.".
6	(b) Section 5313 of title 5, United States Code, is
7	amended by inserting "Deputy" before "Director of Central
8	Intelligence."
9	(e) Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is
10	amended by striking out "Deputy Director of Central
11	Intelligence.".
12	APPLICATION OF FOREIGN MISSIONS ACT TO INDIVIDUALS
13	ON SECONDMENT TO THE UNITED NATIONS SECRE-
14	TARIAT
15	SEC. 604. 608. The Secretary of State is directed to
16	apply to all individuals who are on secondment from their
17	respective governments to the United Nations Secretariat
18	any and all terms, limitations, restrictions, or conditions ap-
19	plicable to individuals pursuant to the Foreign Missions Act
20	of 1982 (22 U.S.C. 4301 et seq.), as may from time to time
21	be applied to members of the consulates, embassies, or mis-
22	sions to the United Nations of those respective governments
23	in the United States, pursuant to the Foreign Missions Act.

1	TITLE VII—DIPLOMATIC EQUIVALENCE AND
2	RECIPROCITY
3	SHORT TITLE
4	SEC. 701. This title may be cited as the "Diplomatic
5	Equivalence and Reciprocity Act of 1985".
6	POLICY
7	SEC. 702. (a) It is the policy of the United States that
8	the number of nationals of the Soviet Union admitted to the
9	United States who serve as diplomatic or consular personnel
10	of the Soviet Union in the United States shall not exceed the
11	number of United States nationals admitted to the Soviet
12	Union who serve as diplomatic or consular personnel of the
13	United States in the Soviet Union unless the President deter-
14	mines and so certifies to the Congress that additional admis-
15	sions of such personnel would be in the best interests of the
16	United States.
17	(b) The policy contained in subsection (a) shall not apply
18	to dependents or spouses who do not serve as diplomatic or
19	consular personnel.
20	REPORTING REQUIREMENT
21	SEC. 703. Not later than six months after the date of
22	enactment of this title, the Secretary of State and the Attor-
23	ney General shall prepare and transmit to the Committee on
24	Foreign Relations and the Select Committee on Intelligence
25	of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the
26	Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of

Representatives a report setting forth a plan for ensuring that
the number of Soviet nationals described in section 701 does
not exceed the limitation described in such section.
DEFINITIONS
Sec. 704. For purposes of this title—
(1) the term "diplomatic or consular personnel"
means the members of the diplomatic mission or the
members of the consular post, as the case may be;
(2) the term "members of the diplomatic mission"
is used within the meaning of article 1(b) of the Vienna
Convention on Diplomatic Relations, done on April 18,
1961; and
(3) the term "members of the consular post" is
used within the meaning of article 1(g) of the Vienna
Convention on Consular Relations, done April 24,
1963.
TITLE VIII—ACCESS TO CRIMINAL HISTORY
RECORDS FOR NATIONAL SECURITY PUR-
POSES
CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS AND POLICIES
Sec. 801. The Congress finds—
(1) that under the Constitution, Congress has the
responsibility and power to provide for the common de-
fense and security of our Nation;
(2) that the interests of national security require
that the Department of Defense, the Office of Person-

S 1271 CDS

nel Management, or the Central Intelligence Agency conduct investigations of individuals for the purpose of determining eligibility for access to classified information, assignment to or retention in sensitive national security duties, or acceptance or retention in the armed services;

- (3) that the interests of national security require that the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Central Intelligence Agency have access to criminal history record information when conducting investigations of individuals for the purpose of determining eligibility for access to classified information, assignment to or retention in sensitive national security duties, or acceptance or retention in the armed services; and
- (4) that the interests of national security have been adversely affected by the reluctance and refusal of some State and local criminal justice agencies to provide criminal history record information to the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Central Intelligence Agency for use in investigations of individuals for the purpose of determining eligibility for access to classified information, assignment to or retention in sensitive national security duties, or acceptance or retention in the armed services.

	SEC. 802. Chapter 31 of title 10, United States Code,
2	is amended by striking out and
3	2 is amended by striking out section 520a and substituting the following:
4	"§ 520a. Criminal history record information for national
5	security purposes
6	"(a) As used in this chapter:
7	
8	"(1) The term 'criminal justice agency' includes Federal, State, and local area.
9	Federal, State, and local agencies and means: (A) courts, or (B) Government
10	courts, or (B) Government agency or any subunit
11	thereof which performs the administration of criminal
12	justice pursuant to a statute or Executive order, and which allocates a substration
13	which allocates a substantial part of its annual budget to the administration of
14	to the administration of criminal justice.
15	"(2) The term 'criminal history record informa-
16	means information collected by criminal insti-
17	agencies on individuals consisting of identifiable
18	scriptions and notations of arrests, detentions in divi
	ments, information, or other formal criminal observed
19	and any disposition arising therefrom, sentencing, cor-
20	rection supervision, and release. The term does not in-
21	clude identification information such as fingerprint
22	records to the extent that such information does not in-
23	dicate involvement of the indicate involvement of the indi
<b>4</b>	dicate involvement of the individual in the criminal
5	justice system. The term does not include those records
	sealed pursuant to a lawful order of a court of law.

"(3) The term 'classified information' means in-1 formation or material designated pursuant to the provi-2 sions of a statute or Executive order as requiring pro-3 4 tection against unauthorized disclosure for reasons of 5 national security. "(4) The term 'State' means any of the several 6 7 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, 8 9 the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Trust Terri-10 tory of Pacific Islands, and any other territory or pos-11 session of the United States. 12 "(5) The term 'local' and 'locality' means any 13 local government authority or agency or component 14 thereof within a State having jurisdiction over matters 15 at a county, municipal, or other local government level. 16 "(b)(1) Upon request by the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Central Intelligence 18 Agency, criminal justice agencies shall make available crimi-19 nal history record information regarding individuals under 20 investigation by the Department of Defense, the Office of 21 Personnel Management or the Central Intelligence Agency 22 for the purpose of determining eligibility for (A) access to 23 classified information, (B) assignment to or retention in sen-24 sitive national security duties, or (C) acceptance or retention 25 in the armed services. Fees charged for providing criminal

- 1 history record information pursuant to this subsection shall
- 2 not exceed those charged to other criminal justice agencies for
- 3 such information.
- 4 "(2) This subsection shall apply notwithstanding any
- 5 other provision of law or regulation of any State or of any
- 6 locality within a State, or any other law of the United
- 7 States.
- 8 "(c) The Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel
- 9 Management, or the Central Intelligence Agency shall not
- 10 obtain criminal history record information pursuant to this
- 11 section unless it has received written consent from the indi-
- 12 vidual under investigation for the release of such information
- 13 for one or more of the purposes set forth in subsection (b).
- 14 "(d) Criminal history record information received under
- 15 this section shall not be disclosed except for the purposes set
- 16 forth in subsection (b) or as provided by section 552a of title
- 17 5, United States Code.".
- 18 SEC. 803. The amendments made shall become effective
- 19 with respect to any inquiry which begins after the date of
- 20 enactment of this Act conducted by the Department of De-
- 21 fense, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Central
- 22 Intelligence Agency, for any of the purposes specified in sub-
- 23 section (b) of section 520a of title 10, United States Code, as
- 24 added by this Act.

- 1 SEC. 804. These amendments are made pursuant to the
- 2 powers vested in Congress as found in section 8 of article I of
- 3 the United States Constitution.